



Adult Family Home Industry Worker Safety Awareness Program

Module 6: Washington State Information on

State Requirements For Hazardous Drugs

Washington State L&I
Requirements & Information Under the
Washington State Industrial Safety and Health Act (WISHA)





Adult Family Home Industry Worker Safety Awareness Program

Funding and support for this project has been provided by the state of Washington, Department of Labor & Industries, Safety & Health Investment Projects.

The Adult Family Home Council is solely responsible for the content of and views expressed in this report and related materials unless they have been formally endorsed by the Washington state Department of Labor & Industries.

These documents do not replace any standard or regulation and create no new legal obligations. They are advisory in nature, informational in content, and are intended to assist employers in providing a safe and healthful workplace.



Purpose Of The Safety Awareness Program

- Assist Adult Family Home Industry employers, supervisors, and all workers in recognizing key safety hazards in their work environment and help them avoid and control these hazards
- Outcome: Create a safer work environment and significantly reduce injuries in Adult Family Homes





Course Objectives



Hazardous Drugs State Requirements

 Understand Washington state's hazardous drugs rules & requirements



- Understand the requirements for developing a written hazardous drug control program
- Learn the basics for safely handling hazardous drugs
- Understand the personal protective equipment needed to keep workers safe from hazardous drugs
- Learn about safe cleaning and housekeeping practices for hazardous drugs





Module 6: State Requirements for Hazardous Drugs





Do you have a plan for protecting workers in your adult family home from hazardous drugs?

If yes, to what extent do workers in your home have what they need <u>and</u> know what to do when they encounter or clean up hazardous drugs?





Workers handling hazardous drugs need protection to prevent potentially harmful exposure.

Washington State Has Specific Hazardous Drug Rules



 Unlike Federal OSHA, Washington state does have specific workplace rules on hazardous drugs



- State hazardous drug rules are found in Washington Administrative Code (WAC) <u>296-62-500</u>
- Adult family homes must develop and implement a written hazardous drug control plan if exposure can be reasonably anticipated
 - The elements of your exposure control plan may be in other documents, such as policies and procedures, as long as you reference their location in your plan
 - A model bloodborne pathogen written exposure control plan template available in January on the AFHC website: https://adultfamilyhomecouncil.org/afh-worker-safety-awareness-program/

Hazardous Drug Definition

• What Are Hazardous Drugs?

- Antineoplastic cytotoxic medications (chemotherapy & cancer drugs), anesthetics, antiviral agents, and others have been identified as hazardous drugs
- Drugs are classified as hazardous when they possess any of these characteristics:
 - Causes cancer
 - Causes organ damage
 - ➤ Impacts or damages DNA/genes
 - Contributes to infertility
 - > Impacts a developing embryo or fetus
 - Causes developmental abnormalities
 - Has a similar structure or function to other drugs that are determined to be hazardous





Adult Family Homes that Do Not Handle Hazardous Drugs



 Adult family homes that do not handle, administer, or dispense hazardous drugs may not require a hazardous drug control plan, but it is always a good idea to have a plan



- Capsules or coated tablets that are administered to residents without modification to their form may not pose a significant risk of occupational exposure and may not require preventive methods during normal handling
- Capsules or coated tablets may pose a risk requiring the need for controls if altered:
 - If tablets are crushed or dissolved
 - If capsules are pierced or opened
 - If the tablet or capsule is accidentally crushed or damaged in a way that requires spill control and clean up

State Hazardous Drugs Control Program Requirements 1



W I			
You must	meet these	e reauireme	ents

In this rule section

Hazardous drugs rules

WAC <u>296-62-500</u>

Hazardous drugs control programs must include:

- A written inventory of your hazardous drugs
- A current hazard assessment for drugs where there is reasonably anticipated exposure
- Hazardous drugs policies & procedures including, but not limited to:
 - Engineering controls
 - > Equipment use & maintenance
 - Personal protective equipment (PPE)
 - Safe handling practices
 - Receiving, storage, labeling, preparing, administering, & disposing of drugs
 - Cleaning, housekeeping, waste handling, & spill control
 - Personnel issues (such as exposure of pregnant workers) & training



WAC <u>296-62-</u> 50015

State Hazardous Drugs Control Program Requirements 2



You must meet these requirements

In this rule section

Hazardous drugs control programs must include:

- A standard or universal precautions approach
 to managing exposure to hazardous drugs or
 precautions based on exposure risk, such as a
 tiered approach that effectively matches
 precautions to the nature of different exposures
 from handling, storing, cleaning, preparing, &
 using engineering controls
- Review & update the written hazardous drugs control program annually & whenever changes that affect exposure occur, such as:
 - Introduction of a new hazardous drug
 - A change in handling practices
- Seek & consider input from employees



WAC <u>296-62-</u> 50015

State Hazardous Drugs Hazard Assessment Requirements 1



N/		
YOU MUST	t meet thes	e requirements
I o a III a o		

In this rule section

Hazard assessment

- Conduct hazard assessments to determine the appropriate precautions to take for reasonably anticipated exposures to hazardous drugs
- Assessments must include consideration of:
 - Personal protective equipment
 - Engineering controls (needleless systems, enclosed pill crushers, etc.)
 - The physical layout of your work areas
 - Types of hazardous drugs being handled
 - Volume, frequency, packaging, & form of hazardous drugs handled (tablets, coated versus uncoated, powder versus liquid, etc.)



WAC <u>296-62-</u> <u>50020</u>

State Hazardous Drugs Hazard Assessment Requirements 2

A change in handling practices



You must meet these requirements	In this rule section
Hazard assessment	
 Assessments must include consideration of: 	
 Equipment maintenance 	
 Decontamination, cleaning, waste 	
handling, & spill response	
 Potential exposures during work 	
operations, such as drug preparation &	WAC 296-62-50020
administration	W/10 <u>230 02 30020</u>
 Conduct the assessment as part of your 	
annual hazardous drugs control program	
update & whenever changes occur that affect	
occupational exposure such as:	
 Introduction of a new hazardous drug 	

State Hazardous Drugs Engineering Control Requirements



You must meet these requirements

In this rule section

Engineering controls

- Evaluate & implement appropriate engineering controls to eliminate or minimize employee exposure
- Examples of engineering controls include, but are not limited to:
 - Safer sharps devices
 - Enclosed pill crushers or cutters
 - Closed system devices that mechanically prohibit the transfer of contaminants or escape of hazardous drug vapors
 - Safety interlocks
 - Closed system transfer devices



WAC <u>296-62-50025</u>





You must meet these requirements

In this rule section

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

- Conduct a PPE assessment to determine appropriate PPE if there may be a reasonably anticipated exposure to hazardous drugs
- Provide & ensure the use of appropriate PPE if there could be exposure to hazardous drugs
- Use appropriate PPE whenever handling body fluids or contaminated laundry

WAC 296-62-50030





Workers handling hazardous drugs need protection to prevent potentially harmful exposure.





You must meet these requirements

In this rule section

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

- Gloves:
 - Use powder-free chemotherapy gloves when handling chemotherapy drugs or possibly contaminated items or surfaces (like laundry)
 - Provide latex-free gloves to employees with latex sensitivities
 - Wear two pairs of gloves when there is significant risk of breakage, contamination, or permeation such as when compounding, long handling periods, or cleaning up large hazardous drug spills
 - Change gloves per the glove manufacturer's instructions, type of occupational exposure, or when torn, punctured, or contaminated



WAC <u>296-62-</u> 50030





You must meet these requirements

In this rule section

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

- Protective clothing:
 - Wear gowns if there is a reasonable possibility of a splash or spill
 - Wear gowns made of polyethylene-coated polypropylene or other nonabsorbent, nonlinting protective material
 - Make sure the gown has a closed front, long sleeves, & elastic or knit cuffs
 - Remove & dispose of gowns at the end of hazardous drug handling activities, when leaving a drug handling area, or as soon as possible if damaged or contaminated
 - If no permeation information is available, change gowns every two to three hours or when contaminated after a splash or spill



WAC <u>296-62-</u> 50030





You must meet these requirements

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

- Face protection:
 - Wear a full-face shield or mask & eye protection as appropriate when splashes to the eyes, nose, or mouth may occur, such as when cleaning a spill or splitting pills
- Respiratory protection:
 - Use appropriate respiratory protection during spill clean up & whenever there is a significant risk of inhalation exposure to hazardous drug particulates

In this rule section



WAC <u>296-62-50030</u>





You must meet these requirements		In this rule section
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
•	Disposable PPE must be discarded into	
	appropriate containers immediately after use	WAC 296-62-50030
	or as soon as feasible after contamination	W/10 <u>230 02 30030</u>
•	Reusable PPE must be properly cleaned and	
	decontaminated after use or contamination	





State Hazardous Drugs Safe Handling Practices 1



You must meet these requirements

In this rule section

Safe Handling Practices

- Receiving & storage:
 - Label hazardous drug containers per WAC <u>296-901-140</u> Hazard Communication requirements
 - Store & transport hazardous drugs in a manner that minimizes the risk of breakage

WAC <u>296-62-50035</u>

CHEMICAL X

DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Fatal If swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

- · Wear protective gloves.
- · Wear face protection.
- . Do not eat drink or smoke when using this product.
- · Wash hands thoroughly after use.
- · Store in a sealed container.
- . IF ON SKIN: Rinse immediately with with cool water.
- . IF IN EYES: Rinse thoroughly with water and seek medical attention.
- . IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomitting. Seek medical attention.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations. Chemical X Manufacturing, 1234 Over There St., (123) 456-7890

See the S.D.S for more information.

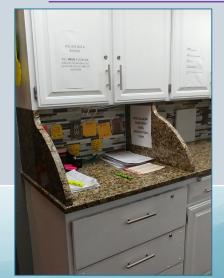
State Hazardous Drugs Safe Handling Practices 2



Safe Handling Practices

- Preparation & administration:
 - Provide designated work areas for the preparation of hazardous drugs & limit access during preparation
 - Coordinate tasks associated with preparing & administering hazardous drugs for the most effective control of worker exposure
 - Do not remove tubing from an IV bag containing a hazardous drug. Spike & prime IV tubing & prepare syringes in ways that limit exposure

WAC <u>296-62-50035</u>



State Hazardous Drugs Safe Handling Practices 3



You must meet these requirements

In this rule section

Safe Handling Practices

- Waste handling:
 - Dispose of pharmaceutical waste per applicable state & federal regulations
 - Place disposable items in designated containers
- Personal hygiene:
 - Prohibit eating or drinking in areas where hazardous drugs are handled
- Handwashing.
 - Wash your hands with soap & water before putting on gloves if contaminated
 - Wash your hands with soap & water immediately after removing gloves, and whenever they become contaminated



WAC <u>296-62-50035</u>



State Hazardous Drugs Tips For Safe Handling Practices

Tips for safe handling of hazardous drugs:

- Use a dedicated work surface for drug handling
 - A separate drug handling room should not be necessary with the types of drugs that are prescribed for home use



- The use of a tray, which can be cleaned and put away after handling the drugs is a reasonable alternative to a dedicated counter space, although not quite ideal
- For specific questions about hazardous drug dedicated space requirements, contact L&I's Safety & Health program at 1-800-423-7233 or request a <u>safety consultation</u>







State Hazardous Drugs Cleaning & Housekeeping Requirements



You must meet these requirements

In this rule section

Cleaning & housekeeping

- Establish procedures for cleaning and decontaminating work areas & equipment where hazardous drugs are present
- Do not clean contaminated equipment in unventilated areas
- Clean work surfaces before & after each activity
 & at the end of the work shift

Spill Control

 Develop written spill response procedures that comply with Chapter <u>296-824 WAC</u> Emergency Response and <u>WAC 296-800-150</u>, First aid for Emergency Washing requirements



WAC <u>296-62-</u> 50040



WAC <u>296-62-</u> 50045

State Hazardous Drugs Cleaning & Housekeeping Tips

0.2

Tips for cleaning hazardous drugs:

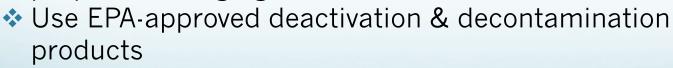
 All areas where hazardous drugs are handled & all reusable equipment devices must be deactivated, decontaminated, and cleaned. In addition, sterile compounding areas & devices must be disinfected



 Use wipes wetted with appropriate cleaning solution for deactivation, decontamination, & cleaning



Check the manufacturer's recommendations for the proper cleaning agent to use



Cleaning wipes are available that are designed for hazardous drug clean-up that deactivate, decontaminate, & clean





State Hazardous Drugs Training Requirements



You must meet these requirements

Training

- Provide effective hazardous drugs training to all employees with hazardous drug exposure at the time of their initial job assignment & whenever a new drug or new process related to handling hazardous drugs is introduced
- Include the hazardous chemical training elements listed in WAC <u>296-901-14016</u>:
 - Methods & observations for detecting the presence or release of hazardous chemicals
 - The physical & health hazards of chemicals
 - The measures employees can take to protect themselves from these hazards
 - The details of your hazard communication program including your labeling system & how to find & use safety data sheets

In this rule section



WAC 296-62-50050

harmful exposure.



Request A Consultation



- To request a free & confidential safety consultation, contact Washington state's Department of Labor & Industries' DOSH Consultation Program by:
 - *Calling 360-902-5554
 - Going to L&I's Request Consultation webpage: https://www.lni.wa.gov/safety-health/preventing-injuries-illnesses/request-consultation/
- If you disagree with the results of a consultation, ask to speak to the consultant's supervisor to request a review







Hazardous Drugs Quiz Question 1



 True or False: Washington state has a rule dedicated to keeping workers safe from hazardous drugs

A. True

B. False

Hazardous Drugs Quiz Question 2



 True or False: A tray which can be cleaned and put away after handling drugs is an acceptable, if not ideal, alternative to a dedicated counter space for most adult family homes

A. True

B. False

Hazardous Drugs Quiz Question 3



- When using gloves as personal protective equipment for handling hazardous drugs, Washington state rules require:
 - A. Use powder-free chemotherapy gloves when handling chemotherapy drugs or possibly contaminated items or surfaces (like laundry)
 - B. Provide latex-free gloves to employees with latex sensitivities
 - C. Wear two pairs of gloves when there is significant risk of breakage, contamination, or permeation such as when compounding, long handling periods, or cleaning up large hazardous drug spills
 - D. Change gloves per the glove manufacturer's instructions, type of occupational exposure, or when torn, punctured, or contaminated
 - E. All of the above
 - None of the above



Questions?



For questions or additional information about these educational materials, contact the Washington state Adult Family Home Council at 1-888-439-8999 or at their <u>website</u>.

Hazardous Drugs Quiz Answers



• Quiz question 1:

True or False: Washington state has a rule dedicated to keeping workers safe from hazardous drugs

- A is the correct answer (True)
- Quiz question 2:

True or False: A tray which can be cleaned and put away after handling drugs is an acceptable, if not ideal, alternative to a dedicated counter space for most adult family homes:

- A is the correct answer (True)
- Quiz question 3:

When using gloves as personal protective equipment for handling hazardous drugs, Washington state rules require:

D is the correct answer (All of the above)